

CYBERSECURITY ROMANIA
- BUCHAREST TALKS
4 Iunie 2019



Cat & Mouse / On who's money?

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Threats are real

- ▶ 2009-2012 / CITADEL ZEUS (man-in-the browser/ target: bank & customer)
- ▶ 2014 -2016 / DYRE TROJAN (man-in-the browser /credentials harvesting from banking websites / target: bank & customer)
- ▶ 2016-2018 / COBALT STRIKE (Hybrid / target: bank users)

- ▶ ONLINE BANKING FRAUD
- ▶ MOBILE BANKING FRAUD
- ▶ CYBER THREATS / RANSOM
- ▶ BANKING MALWARE
- ▶ PHISHING AND ROBOTS
- ▶ SKIMMING
- ▶ SOCIAL ENGINEERING
- ▶ IDENTITY THEFT



The Cyber Reality is changing

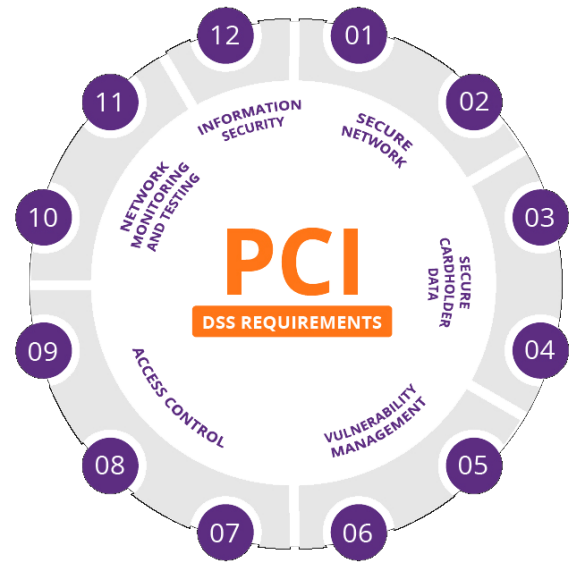


In target

networks, apps, devices, users, regulations

- Networks are more complex, heterogenous and **interconnected**
 - ▶ Lack of Network **visibility**
 - Applications do not provide **security by design**
 - ▶ Application security is a **must**
 - User devices, apps and data are **multiplying** every day.
 - ▶ Who knows and **who controls** the user?
 - Compliance is always a **concern**
 - Regulations are also **multiplying**
 - ▶ ISO 27k, PCI-DSS, GDPR, **NISD, PSD2**

Regulation drivers



User authentication

- ▶ Banks chose MFA (costs)
- ▶ SMS delivered OTP
- ▶ SMS token providers focus on availability and speed, not security
- ▶ “Online Banking Credentials That Use SMS For Authentication Of Users Are Being Systematically Hacked”
 - As far back as 2014 systemic vulnerabilities on the SS7 protocol for SMS
 - SS7, first designed in the 1980s, is riddled with serious vulnerabilities that undermine the privacy of the world’s billions of cellular customers
 - These vulnerabilities continue to exist
- ▶ The flaw in the Signaling System 7, enables data theft, eavesdropping, text interception, and even location tracking.
- ▶ With many bank accounts secured by multi-factor authentication that depends on smartphones, the security of everything smartphone-related might well need reassessment.

User & Customer focus

✓ Gartner's security layers

LAYER 4

Multiple channel protection - all gathered data / evaluated in context of all covered channels.

LAYER 2

Session protection - session monitoring and evaluation based on multiple inputs.



LAYER 5

Incorporate Global intelligence – enable shared intelligence / use for enhanced security across multiple entities.

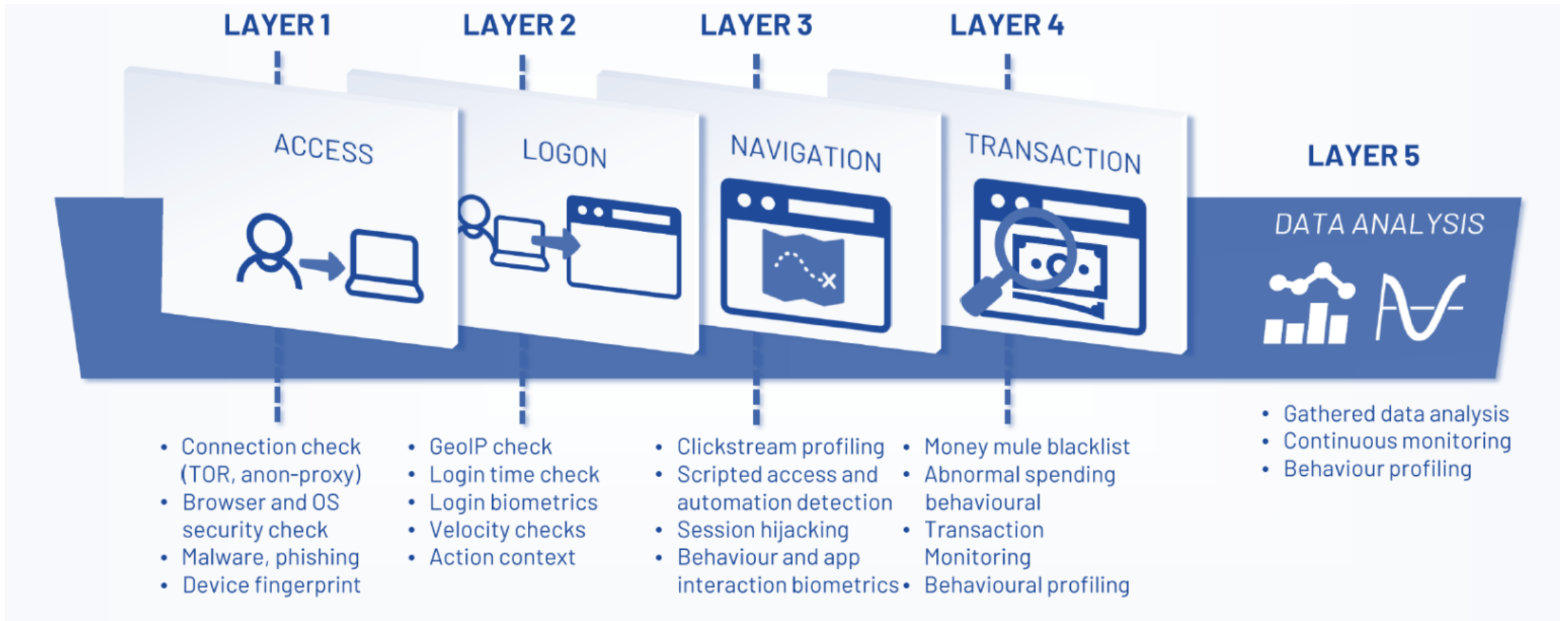
LAYER 3

Channel protection – monitor every user's access /evaluate in context.

LAYER 1

End-point protection - deep device monitoring and profiling.

A layered approach



Holistic approach

Customer protection with OTP over SMS is poor, and with PSD2 the liability shift will push all risks of weak security onto banks and payment service providers exposing them to systemic risks, which cannot be insured.

Strong Customer Authentication

- ✓ Possession
- ✓ Knowledge
- ✓ Inherence – Behavioural/biometry

Transaction Monitoring

- ✓ Real-time scoring
- ✓ Authentication element stolen
- ✓ Detection of Financial Malware
- ✓ Known fraudulent scenarios
- ✓ Amount of each payment



Screen Scraping

- ✓ Prohibited
- ✓ Must be Detectable

Transaction Risk Analysis

- ✓ Abnormal spending behavioral patterns
- ✓ Location of payer
- ✓ Location of payee's account
- ✓ Known fraud scenarios
- ✓ Unusual information about the device or software
- ✓ Signs of malware infection

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THANK YOU!

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